

# INTERNALLY CURED CONCRETE FOR PAVEMENT AND BRIDGE DECK

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## OUTLINE

1. Introduction & Background
2. Objectives
3. Methodology
4. Laboratory Results
5. Full-scaled Experimental Slabs
6. Conclusion & Implementation



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## INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND

- High-strength concretes used in rapid repairing, building, bridges, roads construction.
- Those concretes have one big problem which is **high early-age** shrinkage.
- High early-age shrinkage causes early-age cracking
- These cracks are primary causes of the structure's deficiencies and premature failures.

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## INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND

(CONTINUED)

- Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) spends billions \$\$ in infrastructure construction each year.
- And billions \$\$ more in repairing those structures.
- **What to do??**
- Internally cured concrete (ICC) is one way to tackle this problem.

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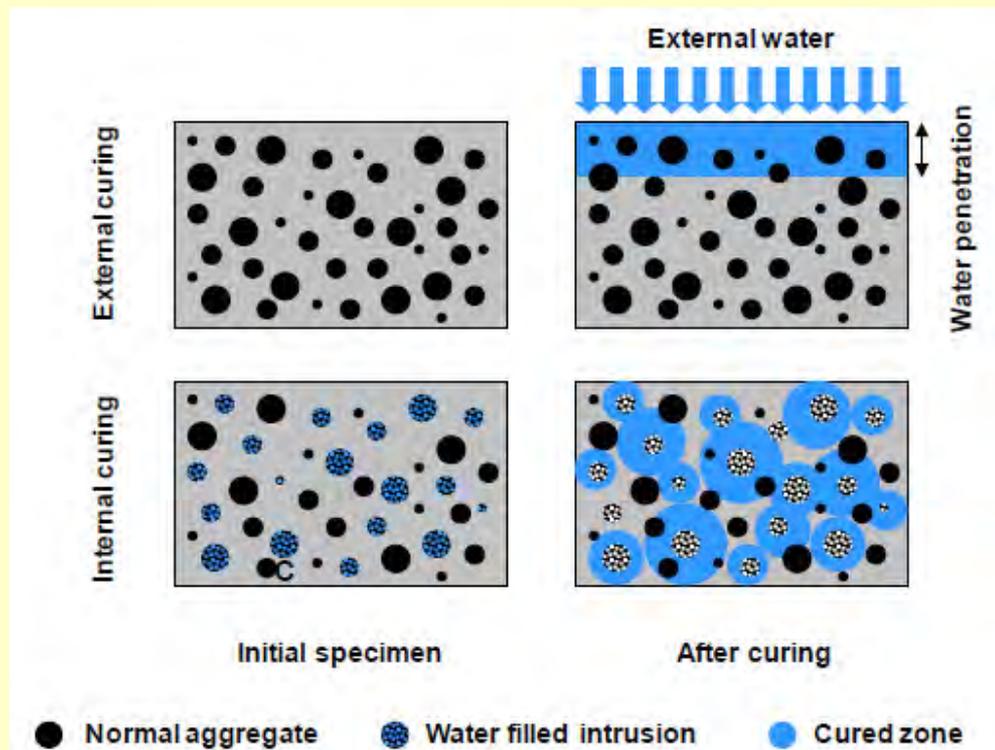
## OBJECTIVES

- FDOT-funded project to address the issue.
- ICC to mitigate and prevent early-age shrinkage in concretes.
- Laboratory setting.
- Full-scaled in-field setting.

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## METHODOLOGY

- **What is ICC?** Internally cured concrete.
- Pre-wetted lightweight aggregate.
- Small reservoirs.



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## **METHODOLOGY** (CONTINUED)

### Benefits

- Reduce self-desiccation.
- Reduce autogenous shrinkage.
- Promote hydration.
- Reduce cracking tendency.

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## LABORATORY RESULTS



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## LABORATORY RESULTS (CONTINUED)



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## LABORATORY RESULTS

(CONTINUED)

- Less water-reducing admixture needed to achieve the same workability as compared with the standard mixes.
- Average compressive strength was lower than the standard mixes by about 11%.
- Average flexural strength was lower than the standard mixes by about 6%.
- Average elastic modulus was lower than the standard mixes by about 18%.

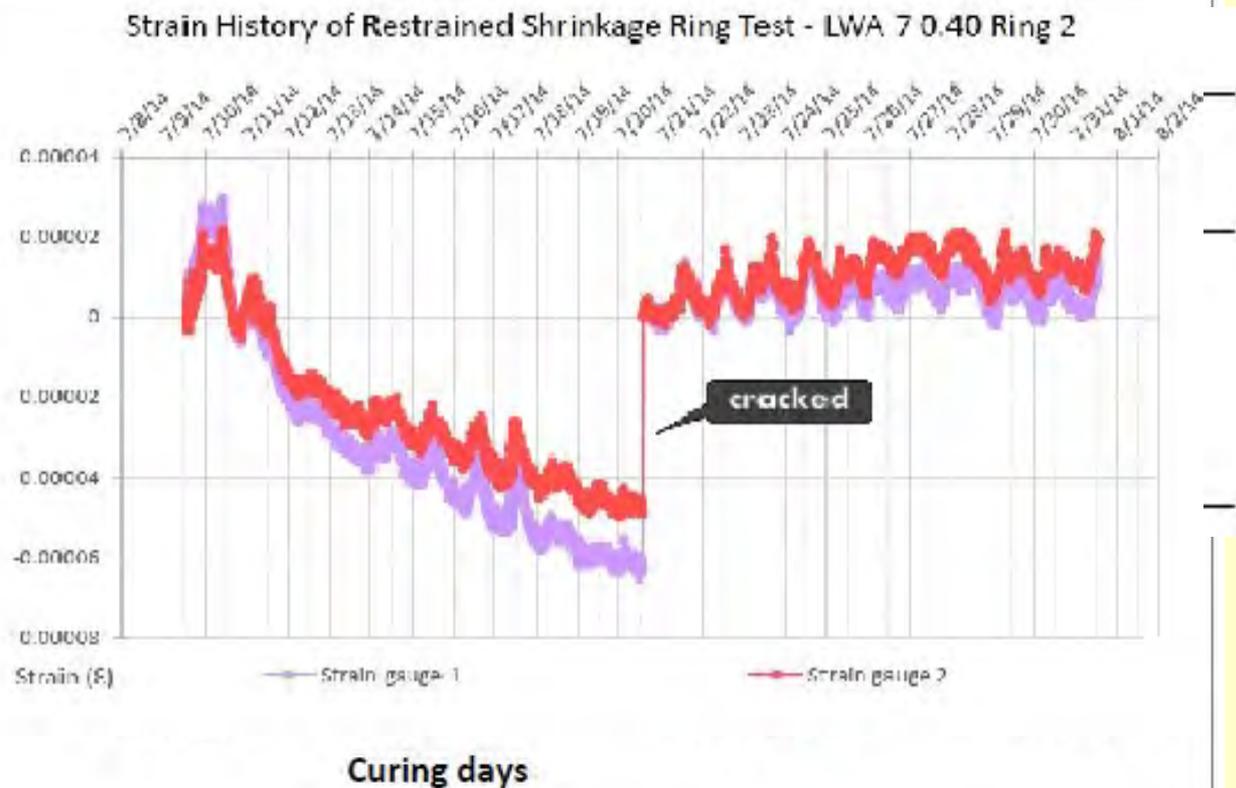
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## LABORATORY RESULTS (CONTINUED)

- Average splitting tensile strength was lower than the standard mixes by about 10%.
- Average coefficient of thermal expansion was lower than the standard mixes by about 10%.
- Average cracking age from the restrained shrinkage ring test was **3 times longer** than the standard mixes.

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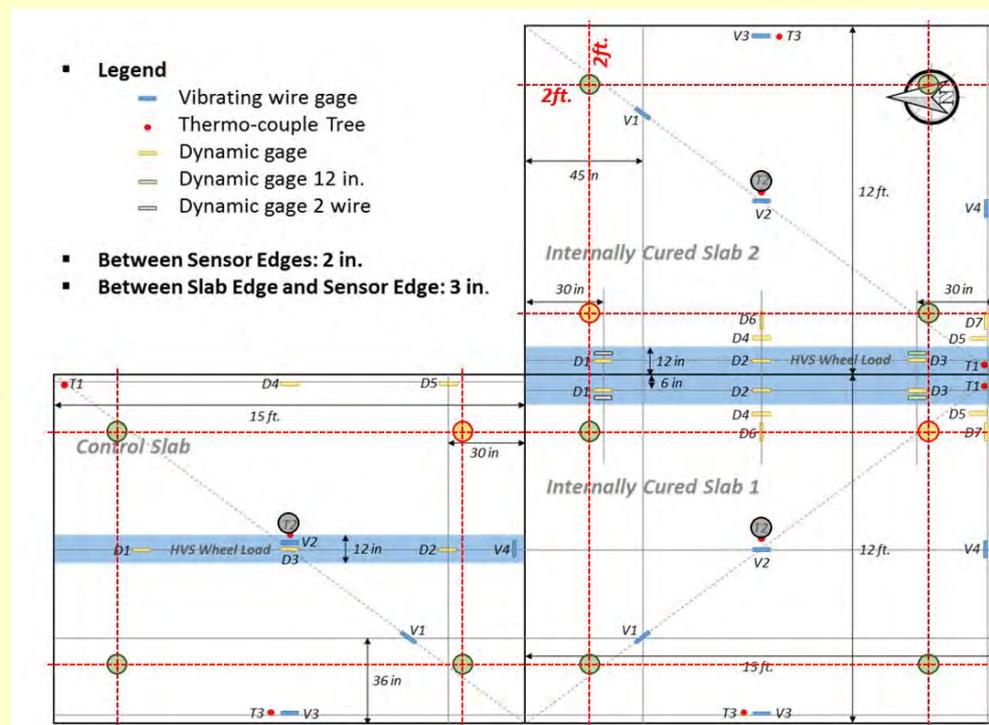
## LABORATORY RESULTS (CONTINUED)



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## FULL-SCALE EXPERIMENTAL SLABS

- Three test slabs with one standard control concrete and two ICC.
- At FDOT accelerated pavement testing area.
- Simulate traffic loading.
- Created 3D finite element models.



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## FULL-SCALE EXPERIMENTAL SLABS (CONTINUED)

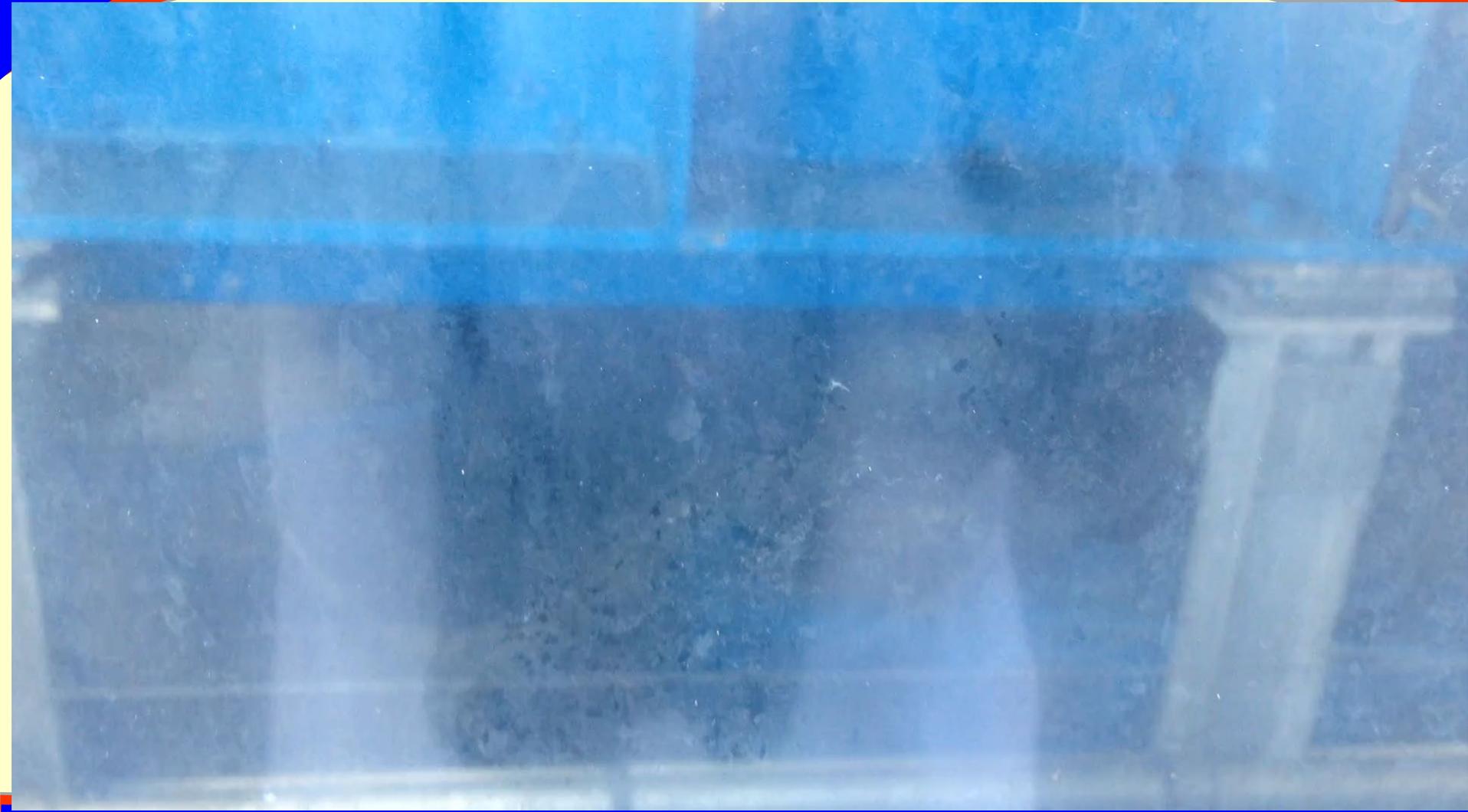


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## FULL-SCALE EXPERIMENTAL SLABS

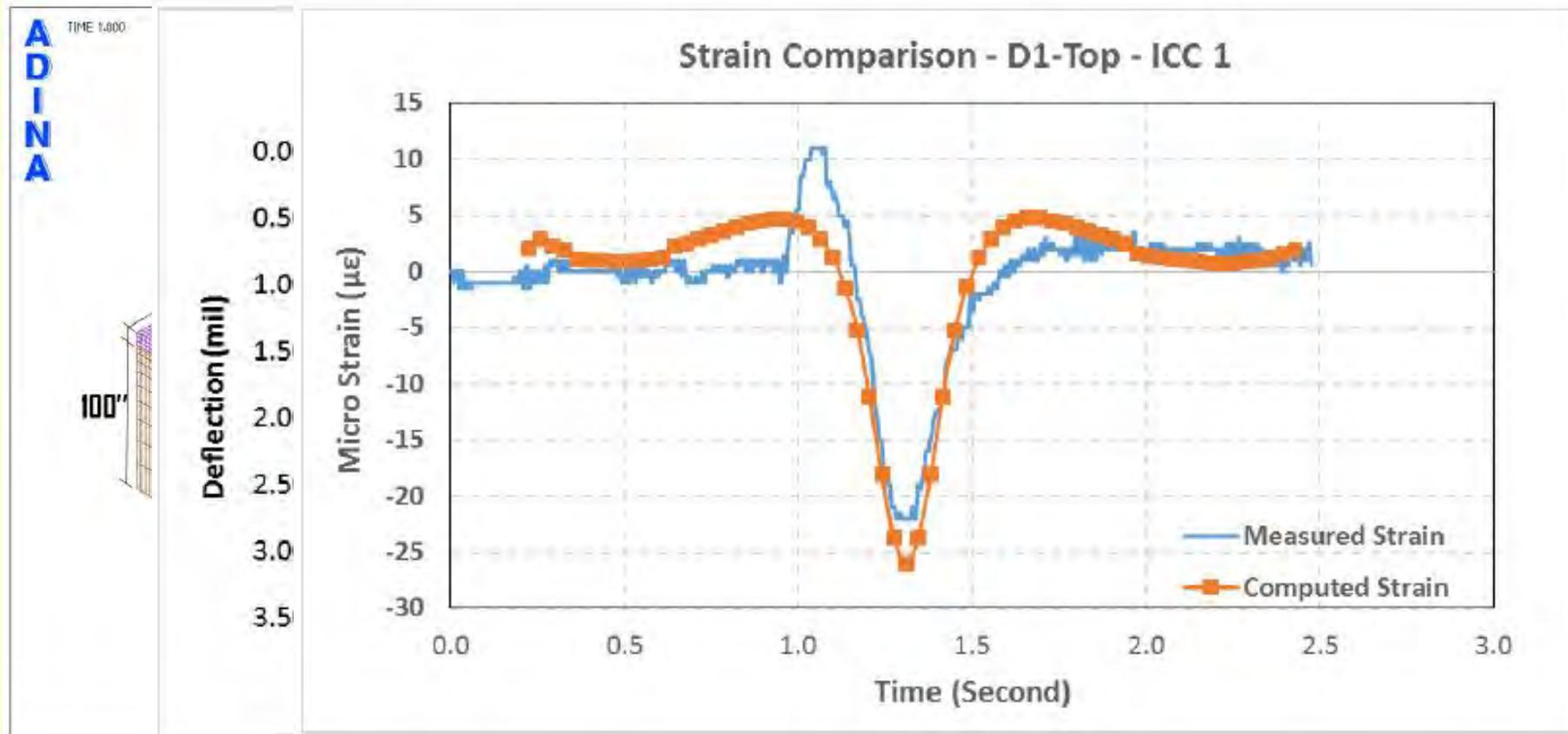


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## FULL-SCALE EXPERIMENTAL SLABS (CONTINUED)



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## FULL-SCALE EXPERIMENTAL SLABS (CONTINUED)

Table 5-13. Computed Maximum Stresses and Stress-to-Strength Ratios for the Test Slabs

Mix	W/C	CTE (in/in/°F)	Modulus of Elasticity (ksi)	Flexural Strength (psi)	Computed Stress (psi)		Stress-to-Strength Ratio	
					Corner	Mid- edge	Corner	Mid- edge
Temperature Differential of +20°F Between Top and Bottom								
SM	0.40	4.425	4,550	725	217.8	451.0	0.30	0.62
ICC-1	0.32	4.239	3,950	662 (820*)	194.3	397.4	0.29 (0.24 <sup>#</sup> )	0.60 (0.48 <sup>#</sup> )
ICC-2	0.40	4.239	3,800	705	190.6	389.7	0.27	0.55

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## FULL-SCALE EXPERIMENTAL SLABS (CONTINUED)



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## CONCLUSION & IMPLEMENTATION

- Critical stress analysis:  
ICC slab has lower stress-to-strength ratio.
- Visual inspection:  
Standard control concrete showed hairline cracks – will lead to larger cracks.  
ICC showed no crack.
- Using of ICC for road pavement is recommended.

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**THANK YOU.  
QUESTIONS?**

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